

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (previously presented) A method implemented in a computer system, for clustering a string, the string including a plurality of characters, the method including:

identifying R unique n -grams $T_{1...R}$ in the string;

for every unique n -gram T_S :

if the frequency of T_S in a set of n -gram statistics is not greater than a first threshold:

clustering the string with a cluster associated with T_S ;

otherwise:

for every other n -gram T_V in the string $T_{1...R}$, except S :

concluding that the frequency of n -gram T_V is greater than the first threshold, and in response:

if the frequency of n -gram pair T_S - T_V is not greater than a second threshold:

clustering the string with a cluster associated with the n -gram pair T_S - T_V ;

otherwise:

for every other n -gram T_X in the string $T_{1...R}$, except S and V :

clustering the string with a cluster associated with the n -gram triple T_S - T_V - T_X ;

where $T_{1...R}$ is a set of n -grams, R is the number of elements in

$T_{1...R}$, and T_S , T_V , and T_X are members of $T_{1...R}$, and S , V ,

and X are integer indexes to identify members of $T_{1...R}$.

2. (original) The method of claim 1 further including compiling n -gram statistics.

3. (original) The method of claim 1 further including compiling n-gram pair statistics.

4. (canceled)

5. (canceled)

6. (previously presented) A method implemented in a computer system, for clustering a string, the string including a plurality of characters, the method including:

identifying R unique n-grams $T_{1...R}$ in the string;

for every unique n-gram T_S :

if the frequency of T_S in a set of n-gram statistics is not greater than a first threshold:

clustering the string with a cluster associated with T_S ;

otherwise:

for $i = 1$ to Y :

for every unique set of i n-grams T_U in the string $T_{1...R, \text{ except } S}$:

if the frequency of the n-gram set T_S-T_U is not greater than a second threshold:

clustering the string with a cluster associated with the n-gram set T_S-T_U ;

if the string has not been associated with a cluster with this value of T_S :

for every unique set of $Y+1$ n-grams T_{UY} in the string $T_{1...R, \text{ except } S}$:

clustering the string with a cluster associated with the $Y+2$ n-gram group T_S-T_{UY} ,

where $T_{1...R}$ is a set of n-grams, R is the number of elements in

$T_{1...R}$, and T_S , T_V , and T_X are members of $T_{1...R}$, and S , V , and X are integer indexes to identify members of $T_{1...R}$.

7. (original) The method of claim 6 where $Y = 1$.
8. (original) The method of claim 6 further including compiling n-gram statistics.
9. (original) The method of claim 6 further including compiling n-gram group statistics.
10. (canceled)
11. (canceled)
12. (canceled)